



SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 29, 1906.

**JERRY SIMPSON**, who several years ago enjoyed a meteoric notoriety in Congress by his advocacy of the platform of the defunct populist party, and (as it was alleged) for refusing to wear socks, is dying in a beautiful valley in New Mexico. It is generally admitted that had Simpson been allied with one of the more stable parties of the land he would soon have become a recognized power in the organization. Comparatively young, given to cutting and original repartee, members of the House were careful in taking hold of him, as nine times out of ten he turned the laugh on his adversaries. Personally he was companionable, and likely to impress those who made his acquaintance. His powers, however, were confined mostly to his wit, not to statesmanship, and the crude ideas of political economy as embraced in the notions of the party he represented produced no lasting impression. About ten years ago Simpson was invited to speak in Alexandria. He arrived here one night in company with two or three other members of Congress from the northwest. A room (or hallway) in the Bradock House was selected as the auditorium and about twenty or twenty-five persons appeared. Simpson disappointed most of his hearers. They had expected to meet an erratic type of the Kansas hayseed adorned with populist whiskers. When Simpson was announced and a neat, pleasant gentleman, dressed in conventional black and wearing glasses, stepped forward with a pleasant smile, their disappointment was visible. His speech, which was an explanation of populist dreams, was listened to attentively, but he made few proselytes here. As stated above, his ideas of political economy were regarded as crude. During his speech in Alexandria he said, among other things, that he acquired his political ideas while following a stump tail mule and a plow in Colorado. This political school failed to appeal to the mass of voters.

The escape of Hoch from the gallows yesterday was one of the many instances where money delays justice and sometimes thwarts it. This modern Bluebeard was dressed for the scaffold and was in its shadow when the announcement was made that the necessary where-withal had been raised to take his case to the Illinois Court of Appeals. While Hoch was being prepared for his journey into eternity he gave vent to his objections to American justice by observing that if he had money he could avoid his fate, and referred to a recent case in New York where filthy lucre, it is supposed, is about to allow a murderer to die of old age. Hoch, among other things, said the State should furnish money for impecunious criminals in order to allow them to carry their cases from court to court.

No rogue ever felt the halter draw. With a good opinion of the law was an ancient observation, and Hoch is a specimen of the creatures who forfeit their lives to the communities in which they live, and when they fall into the meshes of the law and justice is about to overtake them, imagine that the laws are defective and strangely suppose they should be liberated and allowed to continue their careers. Hoch's history is stranger than fiction, and yet, marvelous as it may seem, people impelled by some strange motive, have opened their purses and contributed to a fund which the condemned murderer hopes will purchase a miscarriage of justice.

WE LIVE in a restlessness, and events follow close in the wake of others. A most interesting sign of the times is the present movement among Jews toward restoring the Israelitish Commonwealth. These people have almost since the advent of the Christian era been dispersed among all civilized nations of the earth, a people without a country or a king. The great mass has prospered, and it is said that they possess one-fourth of the capital of the world. The Zionist Congress now in session at Basle, Switzerland, is attracting considerable attention, not only of the descendants of Abraham, but of many others who are interested in the future history of the Jewish people. The orthodox Hebrew have ever believed that Palestine is to be the future home of the race, and that the forecasts of their seers will yet be fulfilled literally. The present generation may witness the reoccupation of the Holy Land by the Israelites and a subsequent panorama of events equally as interesting.

The discovery of a cow in the third story of a house of an Italian in the infected district, in New Orleans, which had been raised from a little calf, and of a woman milking a goat at the foot of a bed on which her husband was dying of yellow fever, are good examples of why the yellow fever has spread with such remarkable rapidity in that city. Italians who have been living in the infected districts near the French markets are fleeing to all parts of the city. It is

generally known that these people are scattered in all directions. They don't think about their house-hold effects. Just a few clothes and a little bedding for them to rest on is all they take with them, but the continuous moving of the half crazed people, it is believed, may spread the fever.

THE YELLOW FEVER mosquito has been found in Baltimore! This means that if one single case of yellow fever should be brought there from Panama or New Orleans and escape the gantlet of the quarantine officers an epidemic of yellow fever could speedily spread throughout the city. Baltimore should at once be quarantined against the yellow fever mosquitoes.

Those goody-good people of Richmond who have been so persistent in their advocacy of the "primary plan," have given the people of the rest of the State full ground for suspecting their honesty, for now it is admitted that the recent primary held in that city was a fraud from start to finish.

### From Washington.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

Washington, D. C., July 29. Friends of Dr. George T. Moore, the physiologist in the Department of Agriculture, who resigned yesterday, are said to be urging him to delay his resignation to Secretary Wilson and his immediate superiors. It is believed that Dr. Moore did so merely to permit them to clear his name. That his superiors did not stand by him is said to have been a sore disappointment to Dr. Moore. By securing a further patent on the method of ground inoculation, which he made over to the government, it is said by men acquainted with the system that he can make a fortune.

Copies of the Japanese blue book for 1905, prepared by the Department of Finance, just issued from the government printing office at Tokio, has been received here. The progressive enterprise of the Japanese is exhibited in this publication, which is printed in English. According to the blue book, the Empire of Japan, comprising nearly 100 main and nearly 5000 adjacent small islands, has about 18,000 miles of seacoast. It has an area of 161,148 square miles. The total population was a little over 33,000,000 in 1872 and has risen to 47,812,702, besides 3,059,235 for Formosa, these being the figures given at the close of the fiscal year 1905. The close approximation to exactness in the division of numbers between male and female is remarkable.

One new case of yellow fever is reported from the Panama canal zone. Lieutenant-Governor Willard, of Virginia, was here last night and met a number of his friends. He is in good spirits and seems well satisfied with his canvass for the governorship of his State. He left today for Hampton where he will speak tonight.

John Hyde, the former chief of the Statistical Bureau of the Agricultural Department, who unexpectedly went to Europe just as his testimony was needed by the grand jury here, which is investigating the cotton leak scandal, will not be permitted to escape surveillance. It is understood that the State Department, acting on the request of District Attorney Beach, has requested the British government to keep a watch on Mr. Hyde's movements so that he may be found if it should become necessary or desirable to bring him back to this country. If Mr. Hyde should go to the continent the system of espionage maintained there as a general thing over all foreigners arriving will be sufficient to ensure that his whereabouts will be known should the information be required here. Mr. Holmes, the Assistant Chief of the Statistical Bureau, who was discharged because of his complicity in the cotton leaks, and who has also absented himself, is said to have gone to one of the Dakotas. The British government will also, it is said, be asked to keep track of his movements in case he should find it convenient to go across the frontier into Canada.

The report that he had sent his resignation to the President was brought to the attention of Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, this morning. "Maliciously gotten up, maliciously circulated by those that lie," was the way he refuted it. The Secretary has entirely recovered from the attack of acute indigestion he suffered Monday and is planning to leave the city shortly on his summer vacation. Assistant Secretary Millet M. Hays will have charge during his absence.

Lieut. Robert S. Clark, 9th Infantry, stepson of Bishop Potter of New York, has tendered his resignation and it has been accepted by the President. He is tired of army life.

Although the United States Treasury deficit at the close of the business yesterday was over \$16,000,000 for the 29 days of the first month of the fiscal year, it is estimated that this will be reduced to less than \$14,000,000 by August 1. For the same month last year the deficit was over \$20,000,000. There has been no decrease in receipts from customs and internal revenue during the month, but the expenditures have been very heavy.

Justice Wright in Criminal Court No. 1 held today that Moses Haas, a New York broker, need not answer questions propounded by the United States District Attorney which might tend to incriminate him before the grand jury, in the special investigation which it is making into the recent cotton leak scandal in the Agricultural Department. Haas claimed immunity under the constitution, claiming that if he were directly or indirectly connected by the Secret Service men with the action of the former Statistician Holmes, whom it was sought to indict for conspiracy, answers to certain questions might incriminate him. Justice Wright held that the witness was clearly within his constitutional rights; and that the report of Secretary Wilson on the cotton leak investigation should be taken into consideration and has given privileges accorded those under charges. He held that the witness could be required to incriminate himself, and that each question propounded by the District Attorney should be taken separately as to whether it was of a character to be answered.

S. N. Crawford, a Philadelphia traveling man, was found dead in Wyoming Villa Hotel, at Wilkesbarre, Pa., this morning. He had committed suicide, as his room was filled with gas, death being due to asphyxiation. Two notes addressed to relatives found on his dresser were taken in charge by the coroner.

### News of the Day.

The new superintendent of police in Chicago yesterday raided handbook resorts and closed up several well-established poker games.

James W. Orme, acting president of the Washington Gas Light Company, died suddenly yesterday while working at his desk in the office of the company.

Lieutenant General Chaffee will act as Secretary of War while acting Secretary of War Oliver is on his vacation. General Chaffee goes to Paris August 19 to attend the French army manoeuvres.

President Roosevelt yesterday made a visit to Coney Island to inspect the institutions established there by the city of New York to improve the condition of the poor. The President was accompanied by Mrs. Roosevelt and Jacob Riis. The trip from Oyster Bay to Sea Gate was made on the naval yacht Sylph.

### May Cost His Life.

Mrs. Elizabeth Sanford, the wife of Captain Sanford, who shot George Wright to death last week in Rome, Ga., because he believed that Wright and Mrs. Sanford were unduly intimate, defends her honor in a statement made Thursday, although it will in all likelihood send her husband and the father of her three children to the gallows. In her statement Mrs. Sanford says: "This is a terrible situation for me. I have to defend my own honor, yet to do that means probably the hanging of my husband and the father of my children. I am absolutely alone in my defence. I have not a soul in the world to whom I can turn for help, and I feel I must gather all my forces to the task. As to the charges Mr. Sanford makes, they are false. I am not and never was an unfaithful wife." All those concerned are socially prominent, and Sanford's trial, which will begin August 1, is expected to be sensational. Mrs. Wright, the wife of the slain man, gave birth to twins Thursday, but they died in an hour. Mrs. Wright is expected to die, not having recovered from the shock of her husband's death.

Capt. Sanford, soon to be tried for the murder of Wright, said in jail in Rome last night regarding his wife's declaration of innocence: "I would go to the gallows with a light heart and a smile could I only do so with the knowledge that she is as pure and innocent as she claims. For her sake, and for my children's sake, I should be glad that she might prove her innocence, but this great satisfaction will never be vouchsafed. She is guilty. She knows it, and I know it, and it will be established by overwhelming proof."

### Affirmed Lower Court.

In the Superior Court at Winston-Salem, N. C., yesterday afternoon, Judge Bryan heard argument in a rather novel case. The defendant was Thomas Hege, a Seventh-day Adventist, who had appealed from the mayor's court in a fine imposed upon Hege for persistently keeping his store open and selling goods on Sunday. The defendant employed counsel, and after the latter's argument Hege spoke for twenty minutes, giving a brief history of his own life and reading many selections from the Bible. He contended that the State and city laws in regard to Sabbath observances are unconstitutional. Judge Bryan sustained the judgment of the mayor, and the counsel for the Seventh-day Adventist gave notice of appeal to the State Supreme Court. Hege announces that he will take his case to the United States Supreme Court if he loses in the lower court. He proposes to serve out his sentence of sixty days in jail, imposed by the mayor.

### Woman Burned to Death.

Miss Fannie Anderson, aged 55 years, poured coal oil from a can upon the smouldering embers of a kitchen fire at Charles Summers' home, near Jefferson, Md., Thursday, and met a horrible death as a result of her carelessness. The can exploded and before aid arrived Miss Anderson was burned to a crisp. Mr. and Mrs. Summers, the former a nephew of Miss Anderson, who lived with them, were at a house several hundred yards from their home when the accident occurred. They heard the explosion, but as there had been blasting in the neighborhood paid no attention to it until smoke was seen issuing from the house. Mr. Summers ran home and found the kitchen ablaze. With the aid of neighbors the flames were extinguished and Miss Anderson's body was found near the stove. A young child of Mr. and Mrs. Summers was sleeping in a room on the second floor of the house at the time of the accident.

### Marries Man in Jail.

Mrs. Lillian M. Roth, a handsome young widow of Baltimore, has been married in the Richmond city jail to Thomas E. Grady, otherwise known as Burns, who is awaiting trial on the charge of having been one of a band of yeggmen who not long ago cracked the safe of the bank at Manassas. Mrs. Roth, whose husband has been dead four years, went to Richmond from Baltimore with her little daughter, proffered a marriage license and got Rev. Dr. W. E. Evans, of Monumental Episcopal Church, to perform the ceremony. Two deputies were witnesses. The bride said that she would wait her husband's release in Baltimore, that no case could be made against him, for he was at her mother's house at the time the bank was broken into.

### Old-Time Mormonism.

Frederick W. Smith, grandson of the Prophet Joseph Smith and the son of Joseph Smith, the present head of the reorganized church of Latter Day Saints, has started a propaganda to convert the Mormons of Utah to the former principles of the church as enunciated by the prophet. As the initial step in his campaign Mr. Smith has issued an open letter to the Mormons of Utah, appealing to them to abandon polygamy, commercialism and political interference. Authorities are quoted to prove that Brigham Young led the people away from the teaching of the prophet.

Good for Stomach Trouble and Constipation.

"Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets have done me a great deal of good," says O. Towns, of Rat Portage, Ontario, Canada. "Being a mild physician, the after effects are not unpleasant, and I can recommend them to all who suffer from stomach disorder." For sale by Gibson and Timberman and W. F. Creighton & Co.

### Virginia News.

James Henry Jones died at his home, near Raccoon Ford, recently after a long illness. He served in Company C, Seventh Virginia Regiment, during the civil war.

Elijah P. Myers died after a lingering illness of some months of a complication of diseases, at his home in Ryan, Loudoun county, on Wednesday of last week, aged 83 years.

Walter C. Boatwright of Newport News, died suddenly yesterday at the home of his sister, Mrs. M. E. Tompkins in Fredericksburg, whom he was visiting of hemorrhage of the lungs, aged 50 years.

In response to a query from State Chairman Ellyson, Attorney General Anderson holds that the judges and clerks in the coming primary election must take the oath required of those who serve in the regular election.

### THE RICHMOND PRIMARY MUD- DLE.

As stated in the Gazette of that day Judge S. B. Witt, of the Hustings Court, yesterday ordered the Richmond grand jury, which recently made a partial investigation of irregularities in the recent primary, to assemble again Monday and to begin a thorough inquiry into the methods employed at each precinct.

Many irregularities are indicated and some downright. The election may be declared invalid and there will probably be other indictments in addition to the five recently returned. At its former meeting the grand jury examined nearly all of the voters at the Third precinct, Monroe ward and their testimony indicated that the vote there had been manipulated in favor of J. C. Smith for City Sergeant and McIntire Folkes for Commonwealth's Attorney.

There are 22 other precincts to be examined and about 6,000 voters to be interrogated. Summonses are now being issued to those who voted in First Jefferson and Second Lee. Commonwealth's Attorney Richardson said yesterday that he had received intimation of crooked work in these and other precincts, and the grand jury would be requested to probe them to the bottom.

In view of the approaching primary for the nomination of a United States Senator and State officials it is desired to make an example of the criminals in order to deter others. The defeated candidates in the Richmond primary have consulted lawyers with a view to bringing suit against the city committee to recover the sums paid by them as entrance fees, which aggregate \$985. They claim that the contract with the committee guaranteed them a fair election, which they did not have.

The claim will be that the committee did not use proper care in its choice of election officers and is, therefore, responsible for the result. It is expected that the result will be the total overturning of the primary, and that a new deal will be ordered by the court in connection with the State primary, August 22.

### Pawnbroker Robbed and Murdered.

Joseph Moyer, a pawnbroker, was attacked in Detroit, Mich., yesterday evening and fatally injured by thieves, who caught him alone in his office. The thieves got away with about \$600 in money and probably \$1,000 worth of diamonds. They left Moyer unconscious in his place of business with his head terribly crushed and battered, and with diamonds and jewelry scattered around the floor. Moyer died at St. Mary's Hospital without having recovered consciousness. He was about sixty years old. The tragedy was discovered by passersby, who noticed the disordered condition of the display windows. Moyer was found lying on the floor of his private office, just gasping in the throes of death, and the room was spattered with blood. The thieves had gained access to the cash drawer by taking the keys from their victim's pocket. The affair occurred within a block of police headquarters. Several suspects have been placed under arrest. Moyer's assailants had evidently snatched some trays of jewelry from the show windows after falling the pawnbroker with a heavy cane or bar of iron. In their desperate hurry to escape they had scattered some of their plunder around the floor.

### Refused to Aid His Son.

John Martin Speyer, sentenced to die on the gallows in Kansas City, Mo., for the murder of his five-year-old son, lost all hope of life yesterday when he learned that his father, a prosperous Dutch farmer in Worcester county, Md., would not aid him financially. The condemned man's attorney, needing money for the appeal wrote to the old man asking for some, and yesterday received this answer: "The death sentence is the visitation of the hand of Almighty God upon my son for engaging in the circus business. I cannot help him." When the condemned man saw the letter he was heartbroken. "That's final," he said, "his mind is made up. He will never change his opinion." Speyer was convicted of murder in the second degree, and sentenced to 20 years in the penitentiary at the first trial, but he appealed, the decision was reversed and the case remanded by the Supreme Court, and at the second trial he was convicted of murder in the first degree and sentenced to be hanged. Two weeks after his last conviction his wife, in New Orleans, secured a divorce from him. Speyer pleaded insanity at both trials.

### New York Stock Market.

New York, July 29.—There was a continued exhaustion of the stocks in sight around current quotations on the floor of the exchange during the first hour. Some irregularities developed during the last fifteen minutes of trading, but the closing tone was steady.

### Catarrh Cannot be Cured.

With LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease, Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

### A Smooth Article.

When you find it necessary to use salve use DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It is the purest and best for Sores, Burns, Boils, Eczema, Blisters, Bleeding, Itching or Pruritus. Get the genuine DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Sold by W. F. Creighton 401 King street, and corner Queens and Patrick street.

### Today's Telegraphic News

#### More War Talk.

London, July 29.—Englishmen generally are manifesting considerable alarm over the agitation which is proceeding in Germany, urging the Kaiser to take the initiative in the issuance of a proclamation similar in nature to the Monroe doctrine, affecting the Baltic Sea and barring all warships from the Baltic, except those of Germany, Russia, Denmark and Sweden.

There is no doubt that if the agitation for such a proclamation is successful, and all warships except those of the favored nations barred from these waters, Germany will have taken a long step toward accomplishing her ambition to become the preponderant naval power.

Sober-minded Englishmen consider that England's naval prestige is threatened by the proposed plan, and there is no doubt that if Germany persists in her designs, a serious Anglo-German crisis will arise.

The Morning Post, one of the most conservative journals in England, today sounds a warning on the subject, and declares that if those who advocate the closing of the Baltic to the warships of other nations "really represent Germany, and want a fight with this country, the sooner they have it, the better."

Announcement was made this week of the intention of the English Admiralty to send a large fleet to the Baltic for naval manoeuvres. The evident purpose of this action was to offset the prestige given the Kaiser by his present tour of those waters, and his visits to the several sovereigns of the countries touching the Baltic. This announcement has caused a great deal of comment in the several important countries of Europe and the agitation in Germany for the closing of the Baltic has increased since England's announcement was made.

#### Zionist Congress.

Basle, Switzerland, July 29.—At tomorrow's session of the Zionist Congress delegates Professor Dr. Otto Warburg and Dr. Suskin, both of Berlin, will present the report of the committee appointed to deal with the question of Jewish colonization in Palestine. It appears from this report that out of the total population of Palestine, which numbers 600,000, approximately 80,000 are Jews. The majority of these Jews live in the towns, there being 40,000 Jews in Jerusalem, 10,000 in Jaffa and 7,000 in Tiberias. The colonization by Jews is not far advanced. There are, however, 27 villages of Jewish agricultural colonists which number 6,500 and who own a total extent of 160,000 acres of land. All experts agree that Palestine could support a much larger population. There is no doubt that Palestine could support at least 2,000,000 more persons than at present, so that there is plenty of room for immigrants. The work of the committee has been limited to modest dimensions. It dispatched two expeditions to Palestine and Asia Minor, one for the purpose of geological research and the other for investigating in detail the commercial and agriculture possibilities of the country. Six meteorological stations have been established in the different parts of Palestine to make systematic observations regarding the climate conditions for agriculture. An experimental colony has also been established to carry out detailed tests regarding the productivity of the soil and the possibilities of development. The committee has also been able to begin on a small scale the production of cotton in Palestine. In Europe the committee sought to distribute the information about Palestine by means of courses of lectures and literary publications among the Jews who may be called upon to colonize the Holy Land.

#### The Panama Canal.

New York, July 29.—Panama Canal Commissioners Haines and Harrod were among the passengers who arrived here today on the steamer Segurana from Colon. When seen at Quarantine Mr. Harrod said: "We have been ten days on the isthmus looking over the work and preparing details and reports to present to the advisory board on September 1. The principal work occupying our attention at present is the establishment of quarters for the employees and food supply. This week we expect to have all our employees from the outside posts and hamlets and bring them under supervision. We had 1,500 employees under charge in the month of July and had only three cases of yellow fever here."

#### The President to Gov. Folk.

Jefferson City, Mo., July 29.—Gov. Folk has received from President Roosevelt a copy of the "Strenuous Life." On the first page in the President's handwriting are these words: "To Governor Joseph W. Folk, with the regards of Theodore Roosevelt, July 15, 1905." "Dear Governor—Many of the problems with which you and I have to deal are, in their essentials, much the same, after all. Perhaps you may be momentarily interested in two of these essays, 'Latitude and Longitude' and 'Promise and Performance.'"

#### Russia Cutting Down Expenses.

St. Petersburg, July 29.—Orders have been issued to all the ministers to supervise the re-auditing of the accounts of their respective departments with a view of cutting down expenses. All surplus which are found are to be placed at the disposal of the finance department which has urgent need of the money. The fact that money is being wasted in the various departments has been brought to light through the discovery that the navy department is spending large sums for fittings to replace parts which were defective on the warships of Admiral Rozhensky's fleet which were sunk in the recent great naval battle.

#### Burdens of Martial Law.

St. Petersburg, July 29.—A deputa-tion of citizens from Odessa has arrived here to implore the government to free that city from the burden of martial law which has been enforced ever since the recent riots and mutiny there. The citizens declare that the military regime is hindering the commerce of the city. Workmen have been reduced to a condition of poverty, and tradesmen have suffered material losses while the grain trade has been almost ruined. It is expected that the government will give a favorable answer to the petition of the citizens.

#### Spoiled Her Beauty.

Harriet Howard, of 209 W. 34th St., New York, at one time had her beauty spoiled with skin trouble. She writes: "I had Salt Rheum or Eczema for years, but nothing would cure it, until I used Buckle's Arnica Salve." A quick and sure healer for cuts, burns and sores. 25c at E. S. Leadbeater & Son's drug store.

### Yellow Fever.

New Orleans, July 29.—New Orleans is bottled up as tight as it ever was before. Memphis is now quarantined. The Louisiana State Board of Health yesterday quarantined the entire State against this city, with the exception of the three contiguous parishes, which are really a part of the city. The centralized movement combining all the ward and commercial organizations in the fight against the mosquitoes was yesterday and this morning most thoroughly perfected. A new case at Lambert, Miss., on the Gulf and Ship Island Railroad, was added to the terrors of the people of that State already so full. Many cities of the South have quarantined against Memphis, because that city until yesterday refused to quarantine Louisiana. Among these were Shreveport, La., the second largest city in the State. Shreveport has organized a thorough shotgun quarantine system, according to the latest news from that place. Galveston and Mobile still deny having cases of yellow fever. The City Council last night decided to immediately pave the dirt streets through the originally infected portions of the city with asphalt, believing that such a course will be conducive to the best sanitation.

New Orleans, July 29.—Mayor Behrman this morning gave out a statement in which he says:

"New Orleans is suffering more from the rigid quarantine than from yellow fever, of which the citizens here have the fullest control. The mosquito theory is accepted by our physicians and laymen alike, and there is nothing remaining to be done but to fight the mosquitoes, which is being done by oiling the gutters and screening and oiling the cisterns. The number of new cases were less yesterday by five, than on the previous day."

"We have the situation so thoroughly in hand, that we believe we will shortly convince the outside world that by working on the mosquito theory yellow fever will be entirely robbed of all its perils and that shotgun quarantines are senseless as a method to combat yellow fever, as such cannot prevent the spread of mosquitoes. This is a fight wholly against the stegomyia fasciata mosquito."

Some new cases were recorded up to noon today, but no deaths. Up to six o'clock last night 21 new cases had been reported and three deaths.

The total number of cases up to six o'clock last night had been 227, and the total number of deaths 47. There are now 35 different foci.

Of the cases reported yesterday, five only were above Canal street, in the American quarter. One of these is a well-known lawyer. Another is a young woman who has been acting as a nurse. One of these cases above Canal street was imported from Central America on the steamship Oregon. The three deaths were all Italians, and one of them had been previously reported by the health authorities. No trains are allowed to carry passengers through Texas from New Orleans.

New York, July 29.—The Panama Railroad Company's steamer Segurana arrived at Quarantine this morning. Several members of the crew are sick. At Colon four of the crew were landed and sent to the hospital. The surgeon at Colon reported all sick with yellow fever. Several of the crew have been ill on the passage hither, and one of the cabin passengers, a trained nurse on vacation leave, was slightly ill during the trip.

Dr. Doty took personal charge of the inspection and the passengers and crew are being treated by the thermometers. Four it is known, will be sent to the hospital.

Seventeen persons were removed from the steamer Segurana at Quarantine. They comprise ten members of the crew, two first and five second class passengers. Eight of the crew had been ill on the passage. Six are now convalescent and two are still sick. The other passengers and crew merely showed elevation of temperature. The two sick men were sent to Swinburne Island for treatment, the remainder to Hoffman Island for observation.

### Mouse Drove Sisters From Prayer Services.

Oxford, Pa., July 29.—A mouse effectually broke up a prayer meeting in the Presbyterian church here last night. Just when the members were in a devout line of thought the little creature tried to ascend Squire Fulton's leg and perch on his knee. Elder Fulton banded the mouse a good worldly punch and the little bundle of gray fur landed in that zone occupied chiefly by the sisters. In record-breaking time every fair worshiper was without the walls, their skirts tightly gathered. In vain the brethren implored the fearful ones to return. The chain of meditation and prayer had been broken. The meeting abruptly ended, the sexton extinguished the lamps and the mouse held the fort.

### Attempted Parricide.

New Brunswick, N. J., July 29.—Thomas A. Gerrity, a law student, formerly employed in the office of Senator Robert Adrian, became violently insane last night, and tried to kill his father. The police received a hurry call and patrolmen responded. Arriving at the house they found that young Gerrity had his father locked in a room, and he was guarding the outside armed with a butcher knife. The son had already cut his father several times. The officers had a fierce struggle with Gerrity, in overpowering him. They succeeded finally in driving him out of the house and getting the knife. Gerrity is now in jail. He will be taken to an asylum today.

### To Stop Poolselling.

Boston, July 29.—Chief Joseph Shaw, of the state police, has issued an order to his deputy, George C. Neal, to stop pool selling at the race track throughout the state. That Governor Douglas is behind this latest and unexpected move is not to be denied. The executive department is entirely reticent on the subject and will not discuss the matter of "inspiration," but those in close touch say that Chief Shaw entered upon this crusade at the instance of Governor Douglas. Deputy Neal says his men will be present at the tracks from now on, and all violators of the law will be brought before the courts.

### Railroad Wreck.

Van Buren, Ark., July 29.—The worst wreck in the history of the Western division of the Iron Mountain Railroad occurred near Ozark, forty miles south of here, when Little Rock and Kansas City passenger train No. 106 was wrecked at 1 a. m. today. Every physician from Van Buren and Fort Smith was sent on a relief train. The number killed is not yet known. Forty are reported injured.

### Ironworkers' Strike.

New Haven, Conn., July 29.—The local strike of twenty members of local No. 15, of the Bridge and Structural Ironworkers' Union, who refused to continue work for the American Bridge Company, which concern has the contract for the construction of the Kimberly avenue bridge over the West river, has reached a serious point. All New England is now tied up by the strike, and it bids fair to be a general strike all over the country, which will be fought to the bitter end. The cause of the strike is over the fact that the American Bridge Company sublet contracts to the Boston Bridge Company, a concern employing non-union men. There are 150 local union men employed by the American Bridge Co. and these men refuse to work unless the American Bridge Company comes to terms and strikes from its list all non-union contractors.

### Leaders Arrested.

Warsaw July 29.—Ten leaders of the Jewish band have been arrested here by the police who charged them with planning the insurrectionary movement which has been responsible for so many disturbances.

Rick, Russia, July 29.—A smuggler who was carrying a large bundle of revolutionary proclamations, was arrested on the docks today. The officers then boarded the vessel from which the smuggler had landed, and after a search revealed 250 sacks of literature, put out by the insurrectionists.

### The Czar in Paris.

Paris, July 29.—The Shah of Persia, who is visiting in Paris, was indisposed again this morning, and unable to leave his rooms. Early in the week, the Shah was overcome by the heat while making a tour of the large stores of the city, and had to be carried to his apartments in the hotel where he is stopping.

### TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

Commander Theo. F. Burgdorf, died at the Naval Hospital, Philadelphia, this morning.

The Cuban House yesterday by one vote, refused to print the Platt amendment as an appendix to the constitution.

Secretary Taft and the party of Americans left Tokio this evening for Kioto. A distinguished assemblage gathered at the station to bid farewell to the party.

Prince Henri Gulard de Bearn et de Chalais, secretary of the French Embassy at St. Petersburg, and his princess, who was Miss Beatrice Winans, of Baltimore, arrived in New York today from Havre, on the steamship La Touraine. This is the first visit made by the princess to her native land since her marriage in June, of this year.